

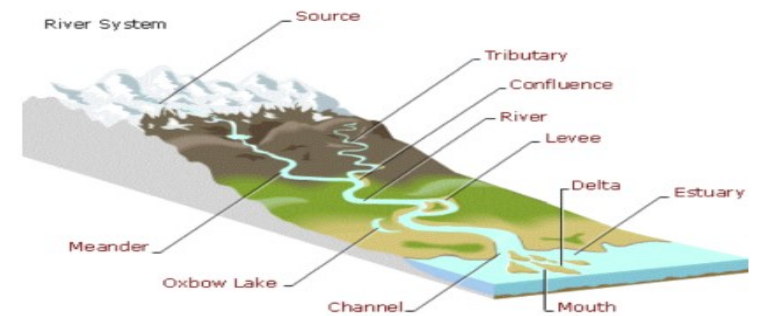


Raging Rivers, Y3 - Geography

Vocabulary		Previous Knowledge	
Word	Definition	<p>In Y1, you learnt about the four countries in the UK and their capital cities.</p> <p>In Y2, you learnt about the seven continents and five oceans.</p>	
source	Where a river begins its journey.	<h3>The Course of a River</h3> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 48%;"> <h4>The Upper Course</h4> <p>Rain falling on high ground collects in channels and flows downwards forming a stream. Streams run downhill and join other streams, increasing in size and speed, forming a river. The river here flows quickly and the channel has steep sides and runs through valleys. Features include - waterfalls and rapids.</p> </div> <div style="width: 48%;"> <h4>The Middle Course</h4> <p>Fast flowing water causes erosion making the river deeper and wider. Features include - meanders.</p>  </div> </div>	
mouth	Where the river enters the sea.		
tributary	A small river or stream that meets a large river.	<h4>The Lower Course</h4> <p>Rivers flow with less force due to being on flat land. The river deposits the eroded material that it has carried. Riverbanks have shallower sides. Features include - floodplains, deltas and estuaries.</p>	
meander	A winding bend in a river.		
ox-bow lake	A u-shaped body of water that has separated from the river.		
valley	A long ditch in the earth's surface between ranges of hills or mountains		



Spellings: build, continue, increase, natural, position, pressure, separate.